

JAPAN ANSWERS AMERICA

Note From Nippon Sets Out That Government Considers Webb Law Discriminatory and Violative of Treaty Rights.

Washington, June 5.—Japan's rejoinder to the United States reply to her protest against the California anti-alien land law, delivered personally by Ambassador Chinda to Secretary Bryan late yesterday sets out why the Tokio government continues to regard the Webb law as discriminatory against Japan in derogation of the equality of treatment prescribed by international law and a violation of the treaty of 1910.

Nothing in the nature of an ultimatum is contained in the note. Its general tone is to invite further discussion of the controverted point, and it contains nothing tending to make up a final issue. Secretary Bryan and the ambassador agreed that no details should be made public.

Ambassador Chinda went to the state department by appointment just before 4 o'clock. Merely acknowledging receipt of the note and promising to consider, Secretary Bryan requested the ambassador to wait while he read the communication, and when he had finished there was an informal discussion.

Secretary Bryan was deeply interested in the points made in the Japanese rejoinder, which are believed to have been directed to the end of demonstrating that the action of the California legislature, taken in connection with the recent action of the Arizona legislature and the projected legislation in other Western states tended to impair the equality of treatment to which Japanese were entitled under the general principles of international law, more than to the charge that the Webb act constituted a technical violation of the treaty of 1910 between Japan and the United States.

The Japanese ambassador was at the department for an hour and a half. He returned to the embassy to prepare a reply to his government indicating the nature of the reception of its communication by the state department.

Secretary Bryan went directly to the White House, where he left the Japanese note for the perusal and consideration of President Wilson. It is expected that when Counselor Moore returns to Washington today he will be called into conference by the President and Secretary Bryan to consider the outline of a response.

The Japanese note was very long and of its nature entirely argumentative. Secretary Bryan and Ambassador Chinda were in accord that no good purpose could be served at this time by a public discussion of the delicate question, and therefore both officials gave notice that any attempt to publish what might purport to be even the substance of the three communications which now have passed between the two governments must be based entirely upon speculation. It is known, however, that the whole tone of the rejoinder is that of a dignified and orderly presentation of Japan's view on the case concluding with an invitation to further negotiations.

JACK JOHNSON SENTENCED.

Negro Pugilist Must Serve One Year and One Day in Prison and Pay \$1,000 Dollars Fine.

Chicago, June 5.—Jack Johnson, negro heavyweight champion, yesterday was sentenced to one year and one day in the state penitentiary at Joliet and fined \$1,000 for violation of the Mann "white slave" act. Sentence was pronounced on Johnson after Federal Judge Carpenter had denied a motion for a new trial. Johnson obtained two weeks' time in which to prepare a writ of error and the bond for \$30,000 on which he has been at liberty since his conviction was allowed to stand.

Half a dozen deputy United States marshals, who had grouped themselves about Johnson in anticipation of his resistance, when the prison sentence was given, left the room when Judge Carpenter announced that the fighter would continue temporarily at liberty.

The sentence to the state penitentiary is owing to the crowded condition of the federal prison at Leavenworth. Johnson left the court room declaring he would not give up his fight for liberty.

Judge Carpenter, in passing sentence, said: "The circumstances in this case have been aggravating. The life of the defendant, by his own admissions, has not been a moral one. The defendant is one of the best known men of his race and his example has been far-reaching."

The court denied a request of counsel for Johnson that the negro be allowed to serve the term in the city bridewell instead of the state's prison.

Johnson was convicted May 10 of having paid for the transportation of Belle Schrieber from Pittsburgh to Chicago.

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The constant itching, burning, redness, rash and disagreeable effects of eczema, tetter, salt rheum, itch, piles and irritating skin eruptions can be readily cured and the skin made clear and smooth with Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. Mr. J. C. Eveland, of Bath, Ill., says: "I had eczema twenty-five years and had tried everything. All failed. When I found Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment I found a cure." This ointment is the formula of a physician and has been in use for years—not an experiment. That is why we can guarantee it. All druggists, or by mail. Price 50c. Pfeiffer Chemical Co., Philadelphia and St. Louis.

PLANS FOR MINE PROBE.

Senators Disregard Intimation of More Trouble—To Call Witnesses.

Washington, June 4.—Disregarding intimations that their appearance in West Virginia might result in further outbreaks of violence, members of the senate subcommittee appointed to probe the West Virginia coal strike situation today completed plans for their trip to Charleston, W. Va. The committee will begin the examination of about 100 witnesses, presenting the case of the miners on Tuesday at Charleston.

The committee heard unmoved today the statement of Gen. C. C. Watts and Col. Z. T. Vinson, representing the coal mine operators, that a renewal of actual hostilities might be precipitated by the activities of the committee in West Virginia. Mr. Watts intimated that the recent discovery of alleged plot against the life of Governor Hatfield, charged to have been framed by a group of armed miners rendezvousing at Lumont Hollow, might be traced to the agitation attending the efforts of the committee.

Owing to the wide scope of the investigation, Chairman Swanson has evolved a plan to place each phase of the inquiry under the charge of a single member of the subcommittee. Senator Borah will direct that branch of the inquiry authorized in the first section of the senate resolution which charges the committee to determine whether or not any system of peonage has been maintained in the fields and a section of which relates to the charge that "citizens of the United States have been arrested, tried and convicted in violation of the constitution or laws of the United States."

Senator Martine will have charge of the inquiry under section 2 relating to interference with the postal laws and section 3 concerning violations of the immigration laws. Senator Shields has section 5, which authorizes a report on "to what extent conditions existing in the coal fields have been caused by agreement and combinations, entered into contrary to the laws of the United States for the purpose of controlling the production, sale and transportation of coal."

Senator Kenyon is given section 6 relating to the shipment of firearms, ammunition and explosives into the coal fields "with the purpose to exclude the products of these coal fields from competitive markets in interstate trade," and the general inquiry under section, "if any or all of these conditions exist, to discover the causes leading up to such conditions."

It is probable that during their stay in West Virginia the members of the committee will visit the various mines in Paint Creek and Cabin Creek districts to get first-hand information as to conditions.

TRAMPLED UNDER RACE HORSE

Suffragette Grasps Reins of King George's Race Horse, Amner, at Epsom.

Epsom, June 4.—The most dramatic derby ever run on the historic course at Epsom Downs was accompanied today by a series of startling events.

Just before the finish a suffragette attempted to seize the bridle of the King's entry, Amner, while he was running at top speed. The woman was fatally injured when the horse fell and the jockey was badly hurt.

The King and Queen, scores of royalties and many Americans witnessed the accident.

The woman lies unconscious in the local hospital. Her name is given as E. Davison and she is thought to be Miss Emily Wilding Davison, a member of the Woman's Social and Political Union, who since 1909 has been sentenced eight different times to imprisonment for participation in suffragette outrages.

Emily Davison was the woman who assaulted a Baptist minister at Aberdeen station, mistaking him for David Lloyd-George, chancellor of the exchequer. Whenever she has been imprisoned she has started a "hunger strike" and has generally been cleared. She has been found hidden in the house of commons three times and ejected.

The race itself was unusual. The favorite, Craganour, crossed the line first, but was promptly disqualified for "bumping" and was displaced by Aboyere, a 100 to 1 shot.

In another race Jockey Whalley was seriously injured and his horse had to be shot. Fifteen horses competed and the places were awarded to Louvois at 10 to 1 against and Great Sport at 29 to 1 against.

STRIKE IS GENERAL.

Coast Steamship Workers Will Quit Jobs.

New Orleans, June 5.—A strike of seamen in the employ of the United Fruit Company, which began Tuesday when a score of sailors, firemen, coal passers and others refused to return to work, was made general by officials of the Marine Firemen's Union here yesterday. It was predicted at union headquarters that 1,300 men employed by the United Fruit Company from this port and several hundred from the ports of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston would be affected. The strike was called in protest over a cut from \$2.50 to 5 per month in wages, announced by the company Monday.

Officials of the United Fruit Company were inclined to minimize the importance of the strike last night.

Shake Off Your Rheumatism. Now is the time to get rid of your rheumatism. Try a twenty-five cent bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and see how quickly your rheumatic pains disappear. Sold by all dealers.

BECKER SEEKS NEW TRIAL

Attorney For Convicted Police Lieutenant Bases Motion on Four Grounds.

New York, June 4.—A new trial for Charles Becker, the police lieutenant convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal and now in the death house at Sing Sing, was sought in the supreme court today on four grounds, namely:

First, that new evidence had been discovered; second, that the verdict of conviction was contrary to law and against the weight of the testimony; third, that Sam H. Haas, a juror, was separated from the other jurors on two occasions when he visited a dentist's office; fourth, that a new trial should be granted in the interest of justice.

The motion was made before Justice Goff, who presided at Becker's trial. Joseph A. Shay, Becker's lawyer, submitted 24 affidavits, most of which have already been made public, of newspaper reporters and others who talked with Sam Shepps when he returned to New York from Cuba. These affidavits are in support of the contention that Shepps was an accomplice of Jack Rose in the murder and that therefore his testimony should have been considered as such.

Frank A. Moss, the assistant district attorney, who conducted the prosecution, opposed the motion, on which the court did not rule.

Volplaned From Height of 1,200 Feet.

Salisbury, England. — Volplaning from a height of 1,200 feet in a blazing biplane, the British aviator, Colwyn Pizey, and a passenger, H. Fellows, reached the ground in safety and stepped from the machine just as an explosion of the gasoline tank wrecked it. The aeroplane was in easy flight over the outskirts of the town when suddenly the carburetor took fire. Breaking the inlet valve, the aviator shut off the gasoline and started a steep volplane. The rush of air fanned the flames, and to those who witnessed the incident, it seemed as though the men had put a slender chance for life. Tongues of fire swept under the passenger seat, and Fellows drew himself up and clung to the stays while the aeroplane made its swift descent.

No Courts at All, Says Justice.

Washington.—The practice of judges sitting in federal courts of appeals, even with the consent of the parties, to review, with other judges, cases they have decided in the district courts was given a death blow by the supreme court declaring the judgment of such a court void. Chief Justice White said the court of appeals so composed were no courts at all under the statutes. The point was announced in a suit over the validity of patents for turbine engines, such as are used in the navy. Several other cases may be affected.

Grasshopper Army Advancing.

Amirillo, Texas.—Traveling north-eastward a column of grasshoppers 5 miles wide and 18 miles long is reported in northeastern New Mexico. Reports that the millions of grasshoppers seem to spread as they travel and also the appearance of smaller bodies of grasshoppers in sections of west Texas have caused fear of a general grasshopper pest in the southwest, especially in Texas, western Oklahoma and New Mexico. The New Mexico column is between Elida and Texline. It is reported.

Looking For Fabled Treasure.

San Francisco.—Failure of another expedition sent in quest of a legendary \$18,000,000 treasure cache on Cocos Island in the South Seas has been recorded with the arrival of the Melmore. These fabled mines, according to a dying sailor were buried on Cocos Island by officials of the Peruvian church early in the last century. Mrs. Barry Hill and Miss Davis, English women, were told by the sailor on his death bed. The women succeeded in interesting British capitalists and an expedition was started.

Ambassador Arrives in England.

Queenstown.—Walter Hines Page, United States ambassador to Great Britain, parried all attempts of newspaper men to obtain an interview when he arrived here from New York. He contented himself with the remark that his constant endeavor while holding his office would be to "maintain the more than friendly relations between the United States and the United Kingdom which had, happily, continued for such a long time." The American consul here went on board the Baltic and delivered a package of dispatches.

Cannot Convict Under Webb Law.

Knoxville, Tenn.—That no conviction can be secured under the provisions of the Webb act was the statement of Judge E. T. Sanford in his charge to the Federal grand jury. The Webb act was delineated as an act that had no power to inflict a penalty and it was explained, no conviction could be secured under its provisions. Its chief worth was to remove from interstate shippers the protection of Federal legislation and gave the states greater freedom in enforcing their liquor laws.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Every family without exception should keep this preparation at hand during the hot weather of the summer months. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is worth many times its cost when needed and is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over. It has no superior for the purposes for which it is intended. Buy it now. For sale by all dealers.

TOBACCO DECREE INJUSTICE

"Obvious Subterfuge," Says Attorney General.

Washington, June 5.—Attorney General McReynolds yesterday declared that he always had regarded the final decree intended to dissolve the tobacco trust as an "obvious subterfuge and a miscarriage of justice," and if there were any proper and just way by which he could cure the evil, he would do it. As an immediate step, he is considering proposing to Congress a graduated excise tax on tobacco manufacturers.

Ulcers and Skin Troubles.

If you are suffering with any old, running or fever sores, ulcers, boils, eczema or other skin troubles, get a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve and you will get relief promptly. Mrs. Bruce Jones, of Birmingham, Ala., suffered from an ugly ulcer for nine months and Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured her in two weeks. Will help you. Only 25c. Recommended by Lancaster Pharmacy and Standard Drug Company.

uate excise tax on tobacco manufacturers.

The attorney general said that while he had not finally decided upon an investigation of the tobacco situation with a view to possible further anti-trust prosecution he likewise had not reached a conclusion as to whether the decree of dissolution, which he regards as inadequate, can be reopened. The attorney general indicated that he was firmly convinced that the decree was incommensurate with the demands of the occasion. He declared yesterday that there would be no real dissolution of a trust by distributing its stock among the shareholders.

Regarding the Standard Oil situation the attorney general said he was giving serious consideration to the results of the government's investigation of the workings of the dissolution decree but had not yet decided whether action would be taken.

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Local Druggist Who Sells Dodson's Liver Tone Guarantees It to Take the Place of Calomel.

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If you buy a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for yourself or your children, you have insured your family relief from attacks of constipation, biliousness, lazy liver and headache. It is as beneficial and safe for children as for adults. A bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone is something every man or woman should keep in the house. Your money is safe because you can return the bottle if it fails to satisfy.

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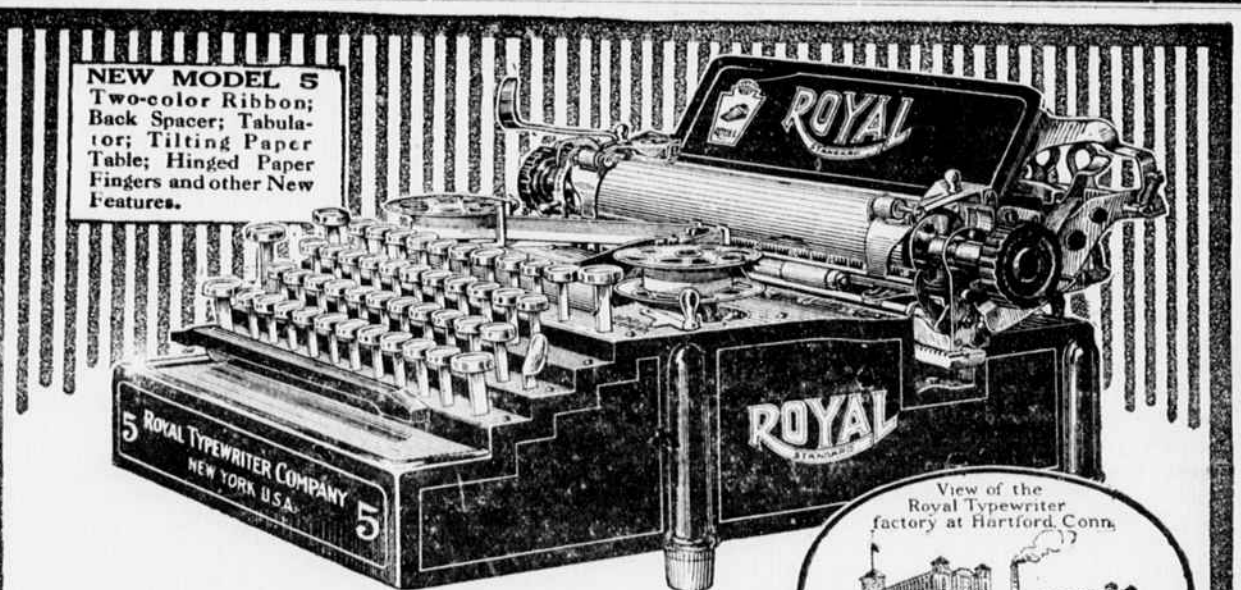
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